

6<sup>th</sup> Asia/Oceania Meteorological Satellite Users' Conference

A New Era: Three-Dimensional Observation and Service with Fully High Resolutions on FY-4 Platform are Coming Next Year

### Presented by Qiang Guo

2<sup>nd</sup> chief designer for ground segments of FY-2/FY-4 satellites

National Satellite Meteorological Center (NSMC) China Meteorological Administration (CMA)





Tokyo, Japan. 11 November, 2015

# Outline

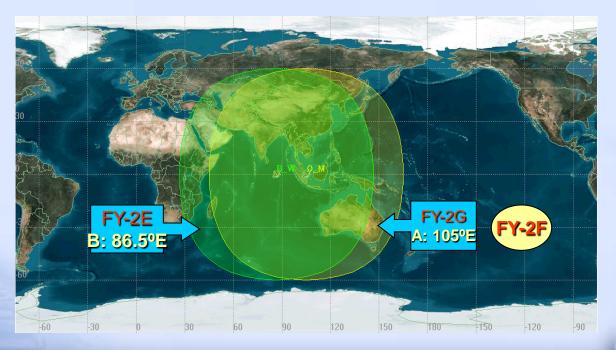
- Overview of Current & Future GEO satellites in China
- Main Features of FY-4A
- Recent Progress of Ground Segment of FY-4A
- New Applications & Data Service
  - Summary

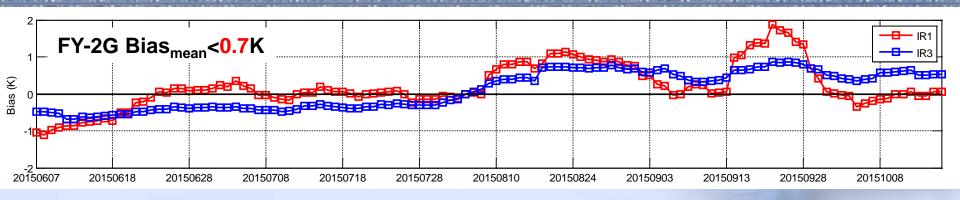
## FY-2: Current CMA GEO. Constellation

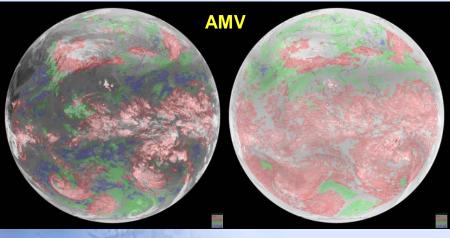
No.	Position	Status	Launch
FY-2E	86.5E	Operational	Dec.23, 2008
FY-2F	112.5E	Operational	Jan. 14, 2012
FY-2G	105E	Operational	Dec.31, 2014

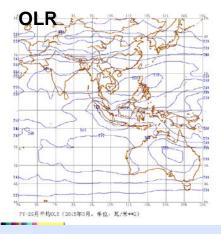
Platform:Spin stabilizationPayload:5 chl. VISSRDisc Obs:Every 30/60 min.

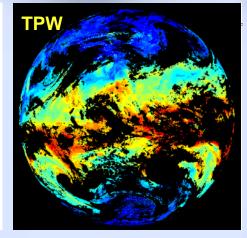
- FY-2G was positioned in primary position 105E Since June 1<sup>st</sup>, while FY-2E was moved to 86.5E to support IOC cooperated with EUMETSAT in July this year.
  - FY-2E & FY-2G are working together to implement 15 min. interval obs., and backup each other
  - FY-2F stands specially for 6 min. flexible rapid scan in case of needs

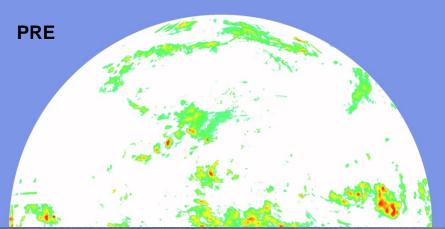


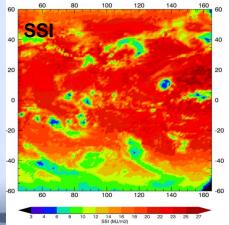


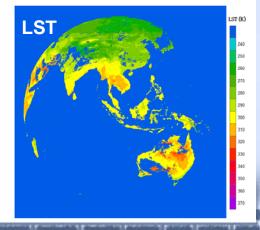




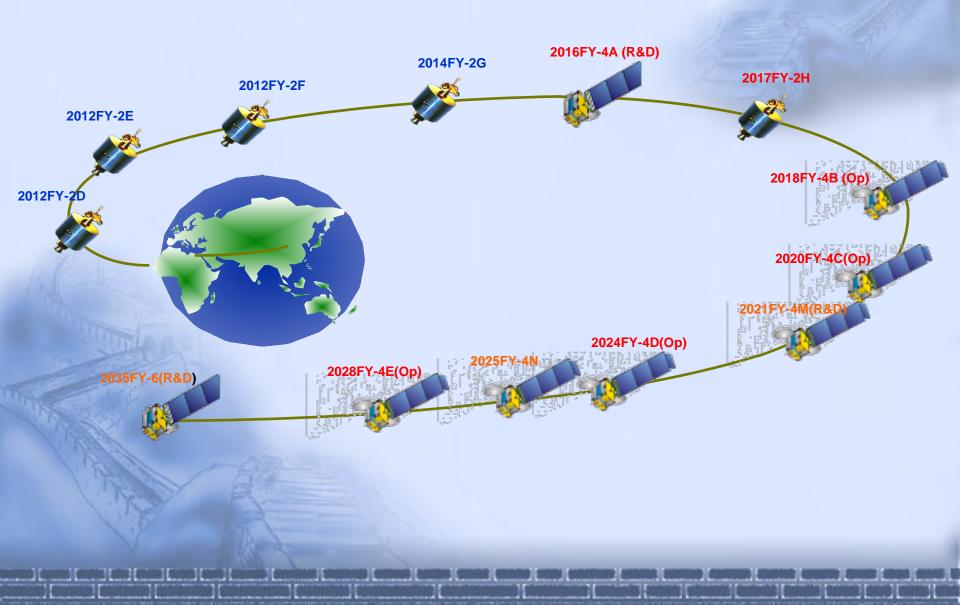








## **Fengyun GEO Meteorological Satellite Mission from 2011-2035**

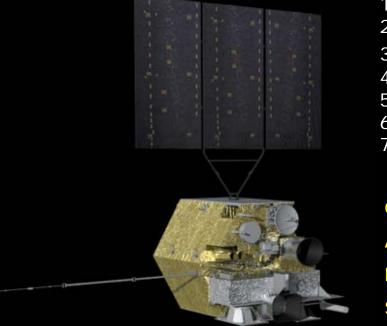


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- Overview of Current & Future GEO satellites in China
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- Recent Progress of Ground Segment of FY-4A
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# **FY-4A: New Era of GEO Satellite**

together with GOES-R, MTG, Himawari-8. Launch is scheduled in the end of 2016



### Spacecraft:

- 1. Launch Weight: approx 5300kg
- 2. Stabilization: Three-axis
- 3. Attitude accuracy: 3"
- 4. Bus: 1553B+Spacewire
- 5. Raw data transmission : X band
- 6. Output power: >= 3200W
- 7. Design life: over 7 years
- GITRS: Geo. Interferometric InfraRed Sounder
- AGRI: <u>Advanced Geosynchronous Radiation</u> Imager
- LMI: Lightning Mapping Imager
- **SEP**: <u>Space Environment Package</u>

## Characteristics of Payloads (Specification & Main Usage)

Spectral	Spectral	Spa	atial	Sonoitivity	Main
Coverage	Band (µm)	Res	esolution (Km)		Applications
	0.45~0.49	1		S/N≥90 (ρ=100%)	Aerosol
	0.55~0.75	0.5	~1	S/N≥200 (ρ=100%)	Fog, Clouds
VIS/NIR	0.75~0.90	1		S/N≥5(ρ=1%)@0.5Km	Vegetation
	1.36~1.39	2			Cirrus
	1.58~1.64	2		S/N≥200 (ρ=100%)	Cloud,Snow
	2.10~2.35	2~	4		Cirrus,Aerosol
	3.50~4.00	2		NEΔT≤0.7K(300K)	Fire
Middle-	3.50~4.00	4	AGRI	NEΔT≤0.2K(300K)	Land surface
wave IR	5.80~6.70	4		NE∆T≤0.3K(260K)	WV
	6.90~7.30	4		NEΔT≤0.3K(260K)	WV
	8.00~9.00	4		NEΔT≤0.2K(300K)	WV,Clouds
Long-wave	10.3~11.3	4		NEΔT≤0.2K(300K)	SST
Infrared	11.5~12.5	4		NEΔT≤0.2K(300K)	SST
	13.2~13.8	4	- Here	NE∆T≤0.5K(300K)	Clouds,WV

#### AGRI's Main Usage:

Acquire multiple band, high temporal resolution, high radiation accuracy images of Earth's surface, atmosphere and cloud

#### **GIIRS's Main Usage:**

Acquire atmospheric temperature and humidity profile structures under clear condition

Decelution Chemical

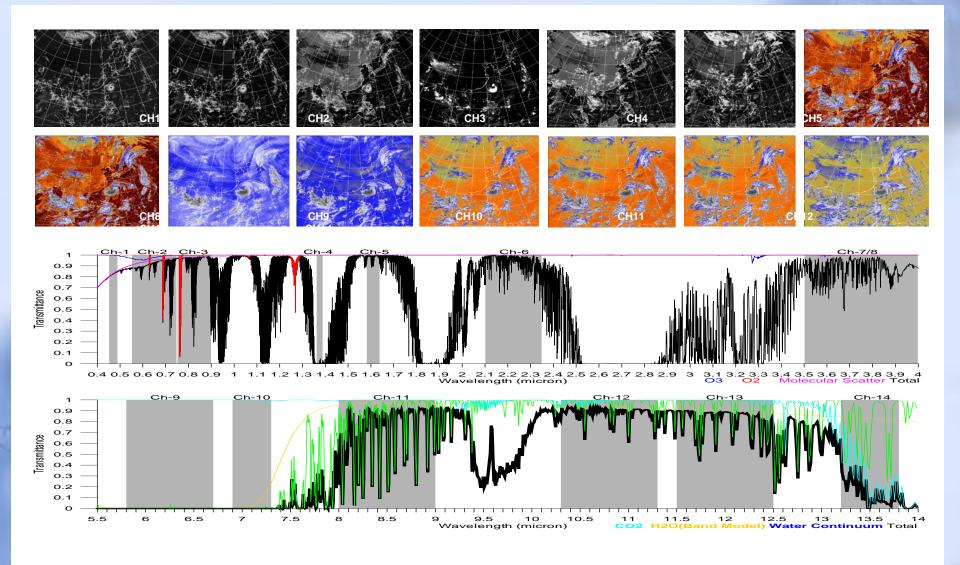
#### LMI's Main Usage:

**Acquire lightning distribution** maps for a certain coverage

Spatial resolution	about 7.8Km at SSP	
Sensor size	400×300 ×2	
Wave-length at center	777.4nm	
Band-width	1nm±0.1nm	
Detection efficiency	>90%	
False-alarm ratio	<10%	
Dynamic range	>100	
SNR	>6	
Frequency of frames	2ms	
Quantization	12 bits	
Measurement Error	10%	1

	Range Resolution	n Channels		
Spectral Parameters	LWIR: 700-1130 cm <sup>-1</sup> 0.8	538		
(Normal mode)	S/MIR:1650-2250 cm <sup>-1</sup> 1.6	375		
	VIS: 0.55- 0.75 μm			
Spatial Resolution	LWIR/MWIR : 16 Km SSP			
Spatial Resolution	VIS : 2 Km SSP			
Operational Mode	China area     5000 × 5000 Kn	n <sup>2</sup>		
Operational mode	Mesoscale area 1000 × 1000 Km <sup>2</sup>			
Temporal Resolution	China area <1 hr			
remporar resolution	Mesoscale area <1/2 hr	GIIRS		
Sensitivity	LWIR: 0.5-1.1 S/MIR: 0.1-0.14	4		
(mW/m <sup>2</sup> srcm <sup>2</sup> )	VIS: S/N>200(ρ=100%)			
Calibration accuracy	1.5 K (3σ) radiation			
Calibration accuracy	10 ppm (3σ) spectrum			
Quantization Bits	13 bits	<b>H</b> ar		
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## Simulated Imagery of FY-4A AGRI



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## **Development Flow of FY-4 Ground Segment**

#### Phase A (Preliminary Definition)

between 2010.1 and 2013.12

- Tradeoff study
- Navigation & calibration conceptual research
- Key Product Algorithm Design

#### Phase C (Qualification and Production)

2015.1 to now

 Engineering development for the whole groundsegment

> Readiness before Oct.,2016

### Phase B (Detailed Definition)

#### 2014.1 to 2014.12

 Design, integration and validation of the whole groundsegment, including data acquisition and service, mission definition and observation schedule arrangement, INR, C&V, product generation and applications

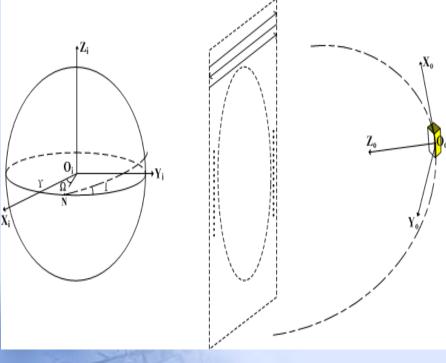
 Interface between space and ground segments optimization and confirmation

#### **Prophase** (Mission Definition)

#### before 2009.12

- User Requirements Analysis
- Feasibility Analysis for payload configuration
- Key Technology of Payloads Research

## **Image Navigation & Registration**



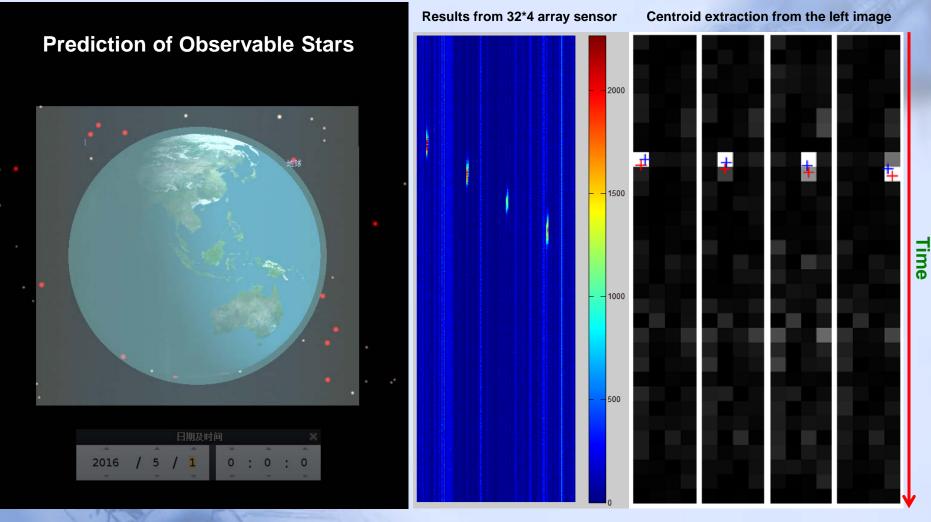


INR: Position(Orbit)+Pointing(sight of view) Position: Ranging with 5 stations to remove the effects of ionosphere Pointing: including the errors of attitude, installation, thermal deformation .....

#### Illustration of space-to-Earth Obs. of FY-4

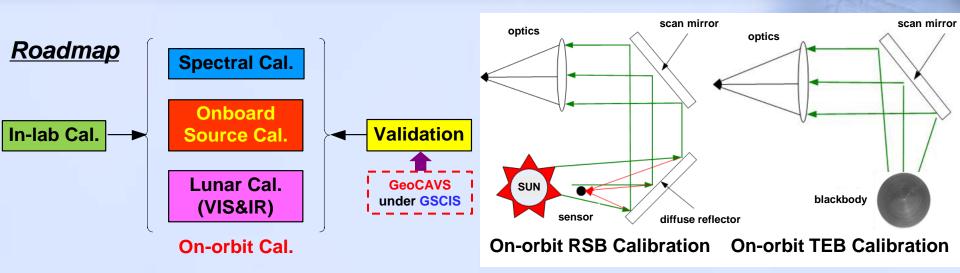
The most important navigation error of FY-4 INR is the pointing of scanning mirror caused by the thermal deformation

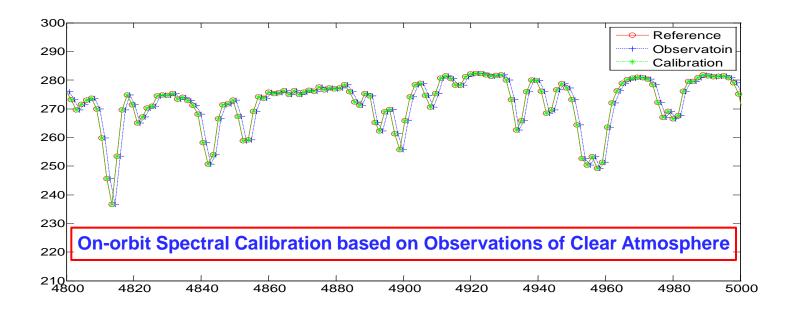
## **Important Progress in INR**



## **Pointing Determination with On-orbit Star Observations**

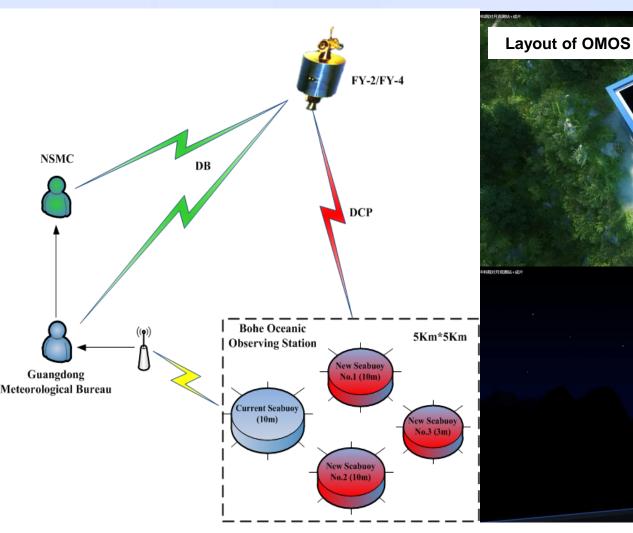
## **Radiometric & Spectral Calibration**





#### **New Validation Approach for TEB Calibration**

#### **Radiometric Reference Measurement System**



#### High-Confident Sea-buoy (HCS)

### On-ground Moon Observe System (OMOS)

## **Products Development**

### **Baseline Products of imager(AGRI) & LMI**

No.	Products	
1	Cloud Mask	
2	Cloud Type	
3	Cloud Top Temperature	
4	Cloud Top Pressure	
5	Cloud Optical Depth	
6	Cloud Liquid Water	
7	Cloud Particle Size Distribution	
8	Aerosol Detection	
9	Aerosol Optical Depth	
10	Downward Longwave Radiation: Surface	
11	Upward Longwave Radiation: TOA	
12	Upward Longwave Radiation: Surface	

Products
Downward Shortwave Radiation: Surface
Derived Motion Winds
Lightning Detection
Rainfall Rate/QPE
Convective Initiation
Tropopause Folding Turbulence Prediction
Sea Surface Temperature (skin)
Fire/Hot Spot Characterization
Land Surface (Skin) Temperature
Land Surface Emissivity
Snow Cover

### **Baseline Products of sounder(GIIRS)**

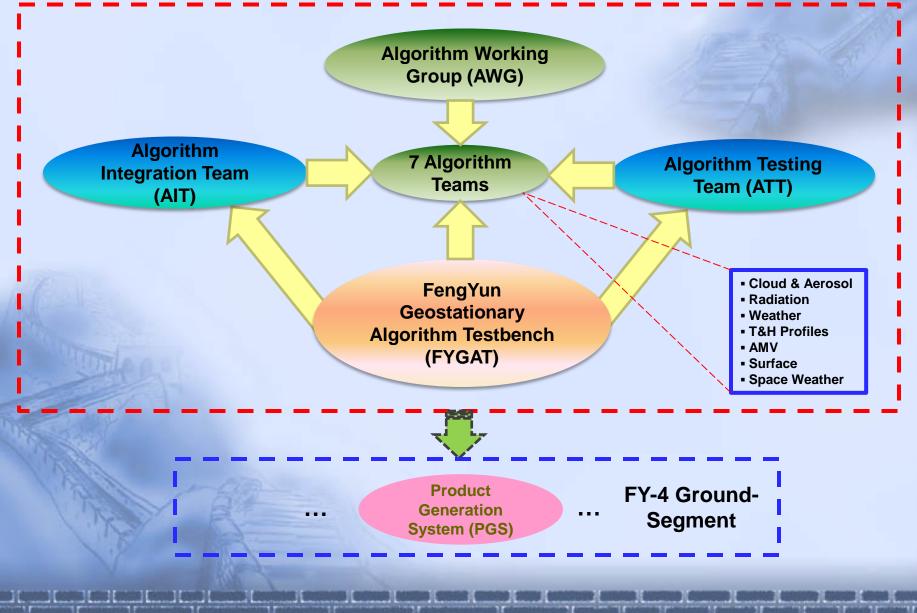
No.	Products
24	Atmospheric Temperature, Humidity and Ozone Profiles (Clear)
25	Atmospheric Temperature and Humidity Profiles (Cloudy)

## **Baseline Products of SEP**

S

- 26 Distribution of High Energy Particle
- 27 Intensity of Magnetic Field
- 28 Effects of Spatial Environment

#### Structural Framework



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### **Important Milestones of Product Development**

#### **Key Products Algorithm Design**

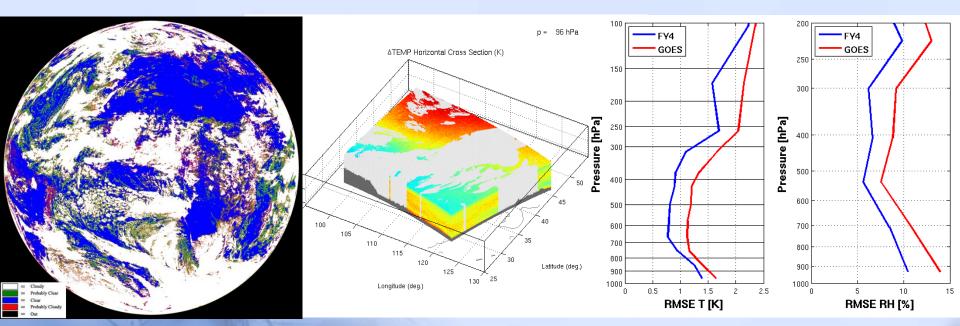
#### Jan. 2010 – Dec. 2013

**Prototype Software Development & Validation** 

Jan. 2014 – Dec. 2014

#### **Algorithm Engineering & Testing**

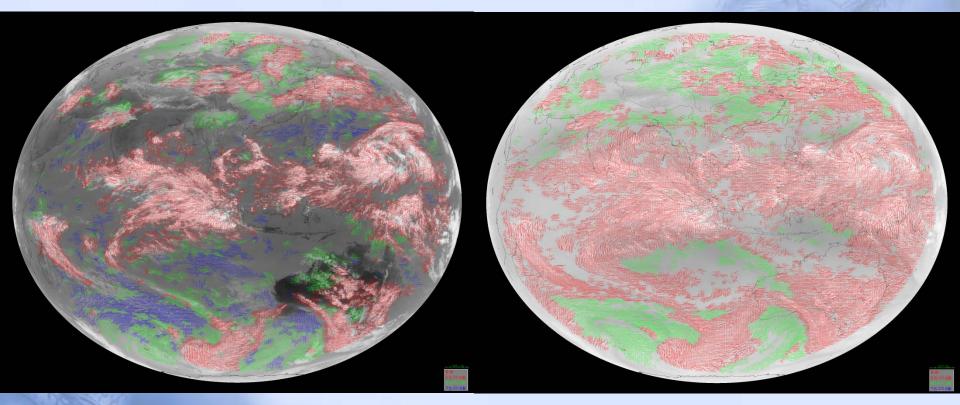
Since Jan. 2015



### Atmospheric T/H Profiles (Clear)

**Cloud Detection(CLD)** 

## FY-4A AGRI products by example



A 200 40		
CH12	10.3~11.3	64km
CH10	6.9~7.3	64km
CH09	5.8~6.7	64km
CH02	0.55~0.75	16km

Long-wave IR Cloud-drift Winds

- Day and night; Lower, mid, and upper troposphere

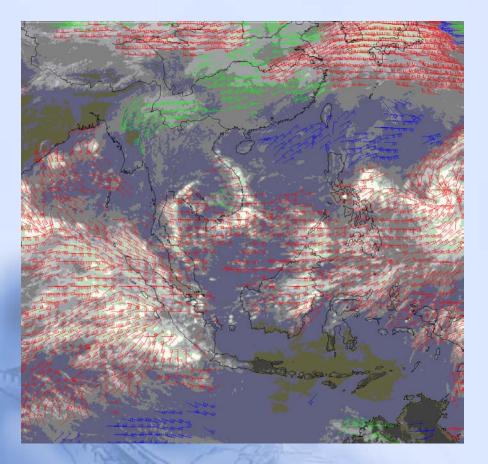
Water Vapor Winds

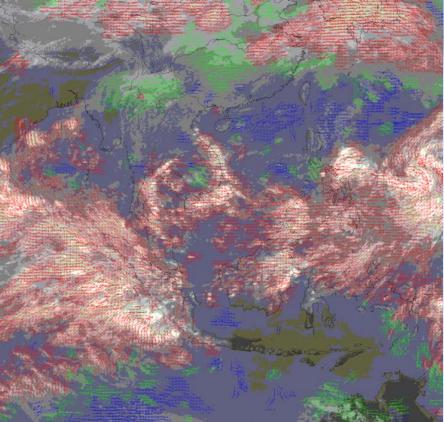
- Cloud-top and Clear-sky; Mid and Upper troposphere

Courtesy of Prof. Jianmin Xu & Xiaohu Zhang-NSMC FY-4 AWG

## **CMA current Operational IR AMV**

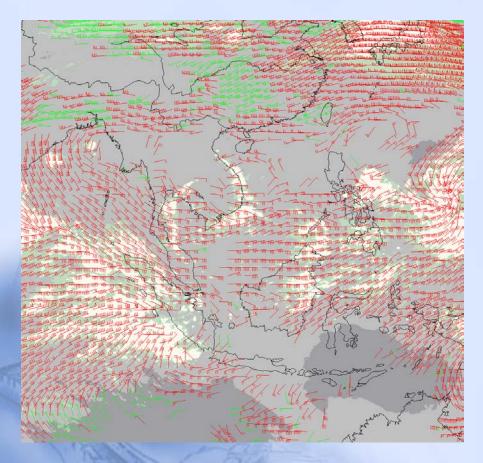
## **CMA next generation IR AMV**

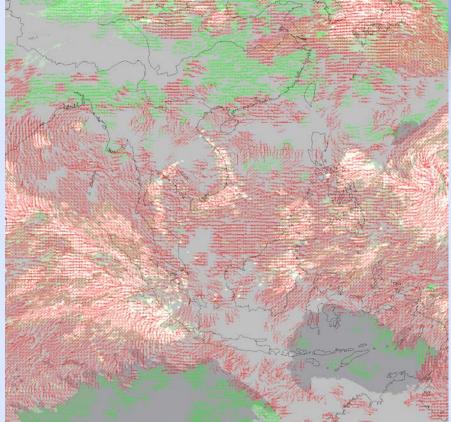




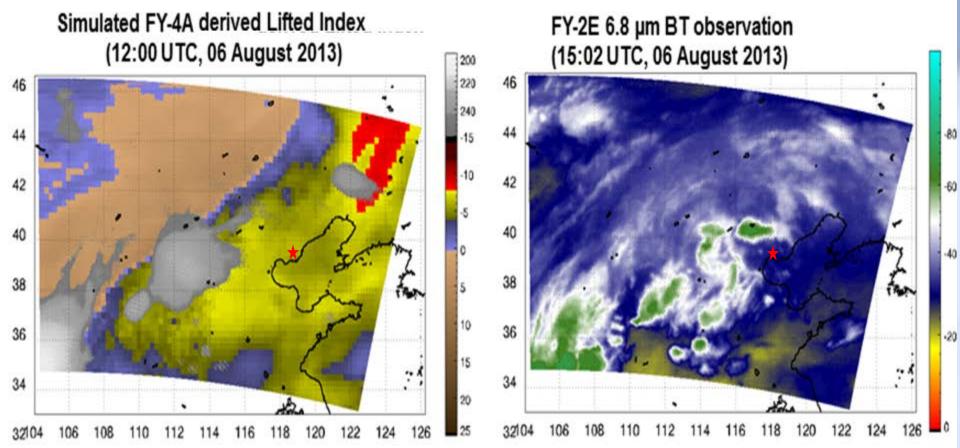
## **CMA current Operational WV AMV**

## **CMA next generation WV AMV**





## **Supporting Nowcasting: Lifted Index Product**



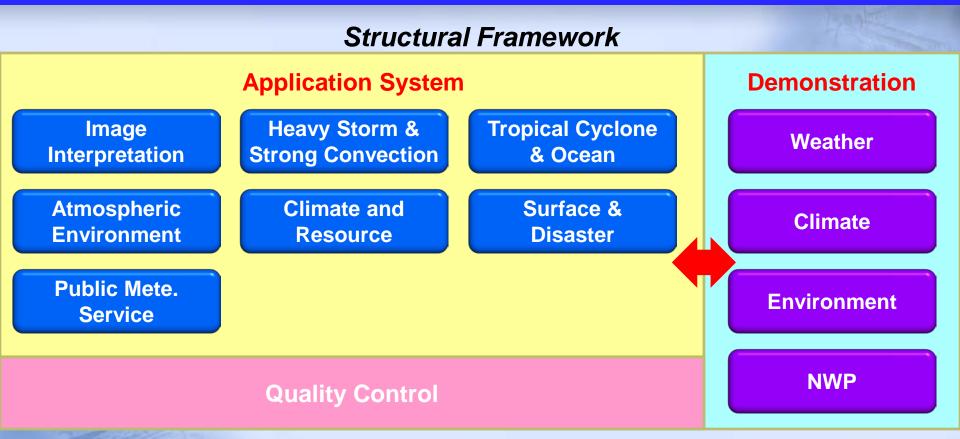
FY-4 GIIRS LIFTED INDEX 12 UTC

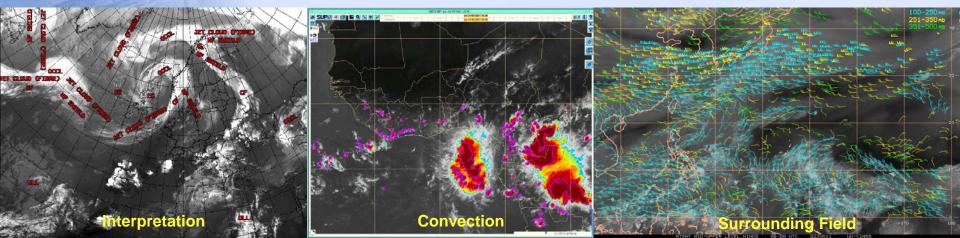
#### FY-2E WV IMAGES 15 UTC

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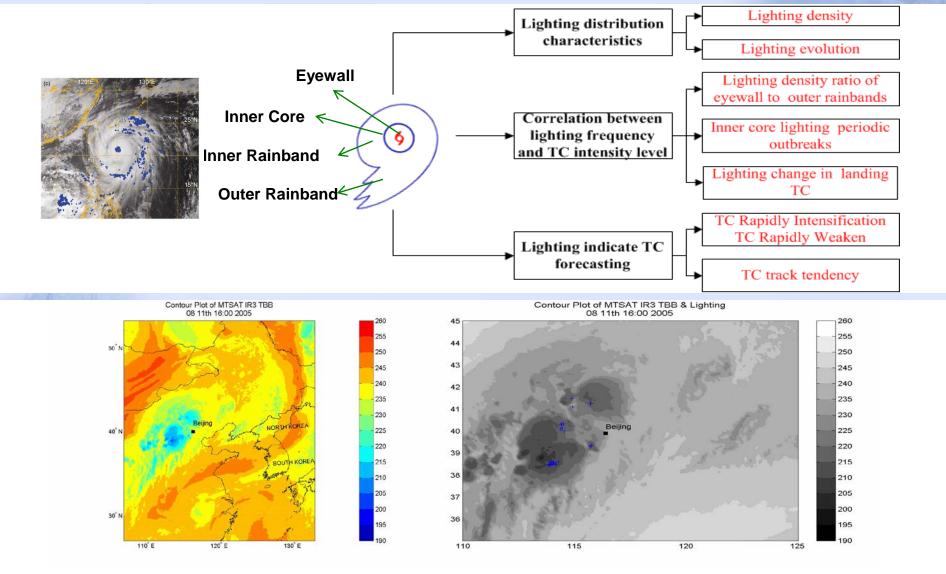
## **Application Demonstration System**





## **Some Highlight Application Aspects**

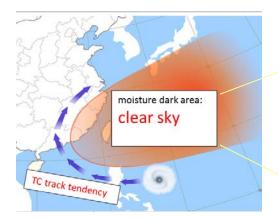
## **New** Application 1: Lighting in Tropical Cyclone & Strong Convection

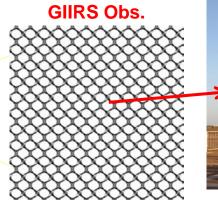


Combined with satellite images and lighting distribution maps, the variation tendencies of cloud cluster,
e.g. movement and intensity, and the focused convection can be extracted directly

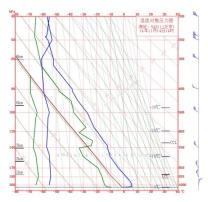
## **New Application 2: GIIRS in Surrounding Field Analysis around TC**

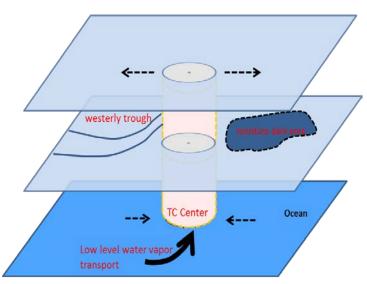
#### GIIRS's observation provides a satisfied T&H profiles at each grid especially in ocean area







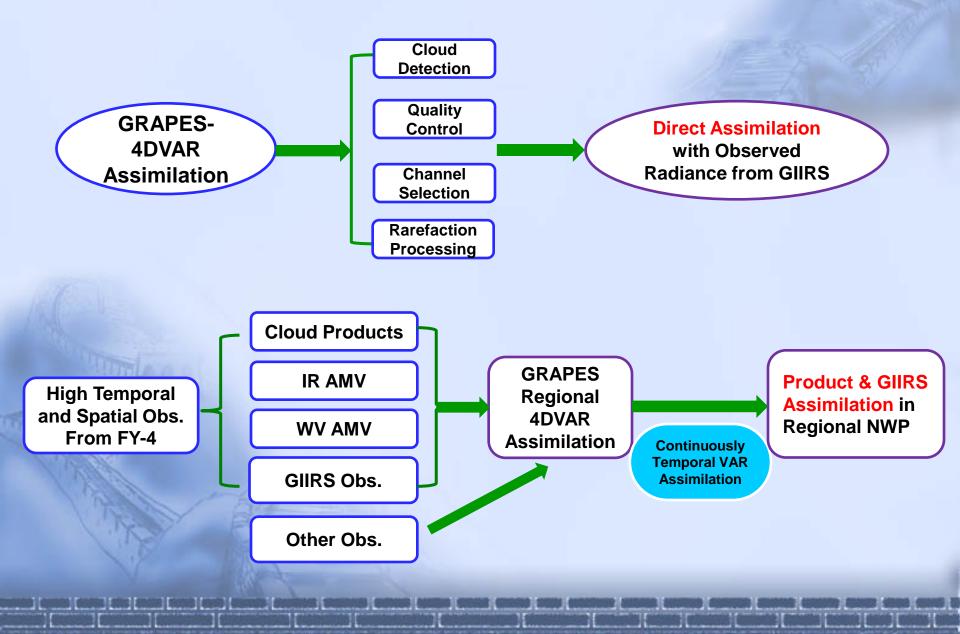




TC's track and intensity are closely related with the large-scale atmospheric circulation changes, for example, the subtropical high which is TC's guiding airflow and determines TC's track tendency.

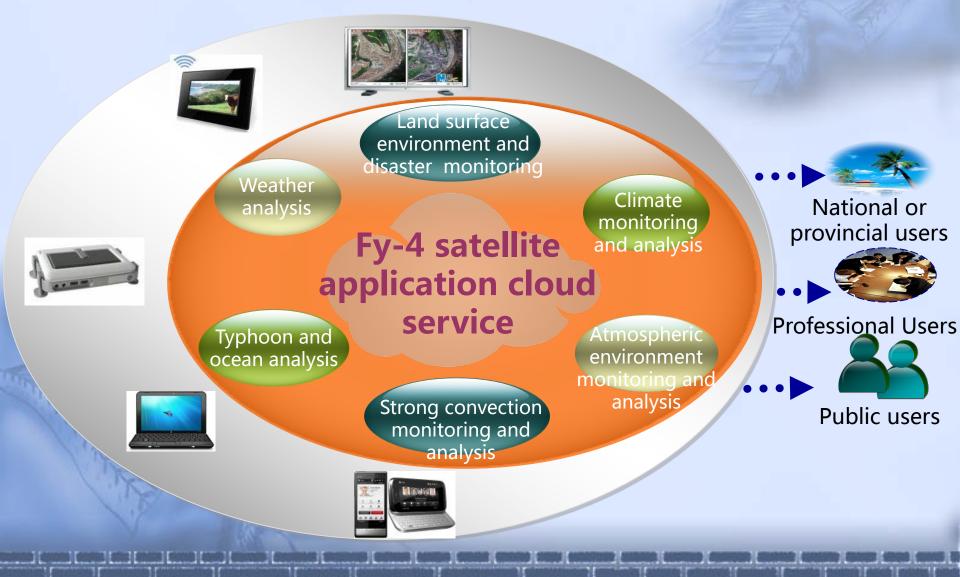
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**New** Application **3**: GIIRS & Products in Assimilation of NWP

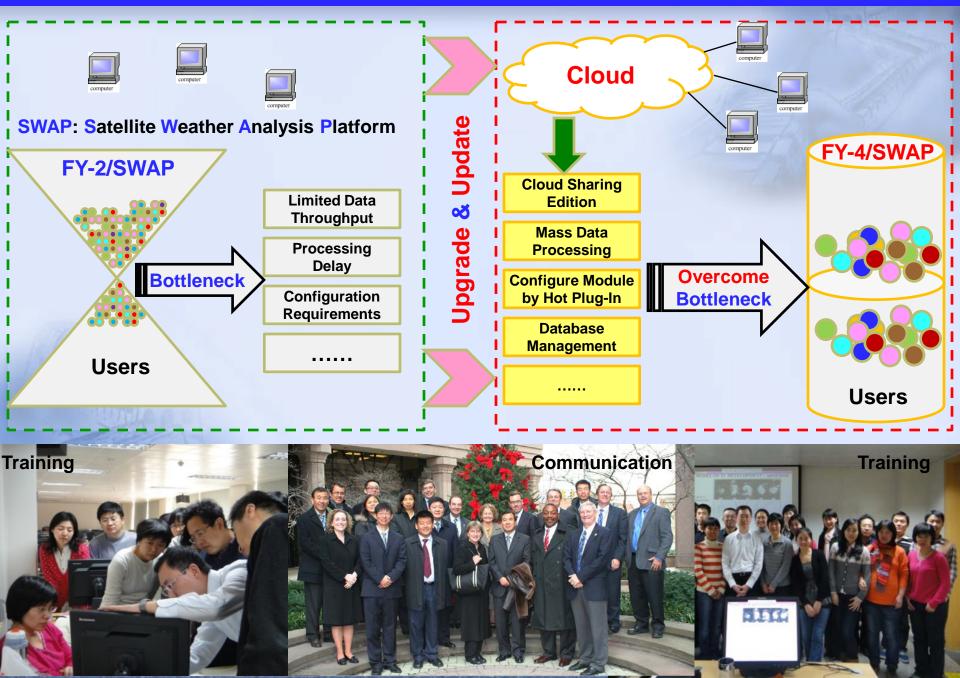


## **Application Service Mode**

All the application products will be produced on the cloud server and users can utilize them rapidly and conveniently.

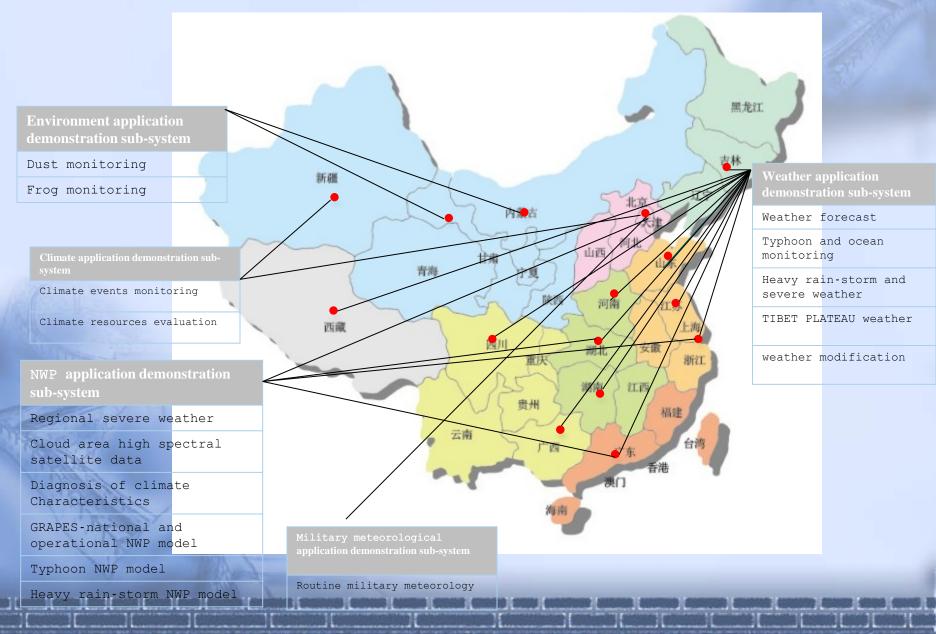


## **User Readiness**

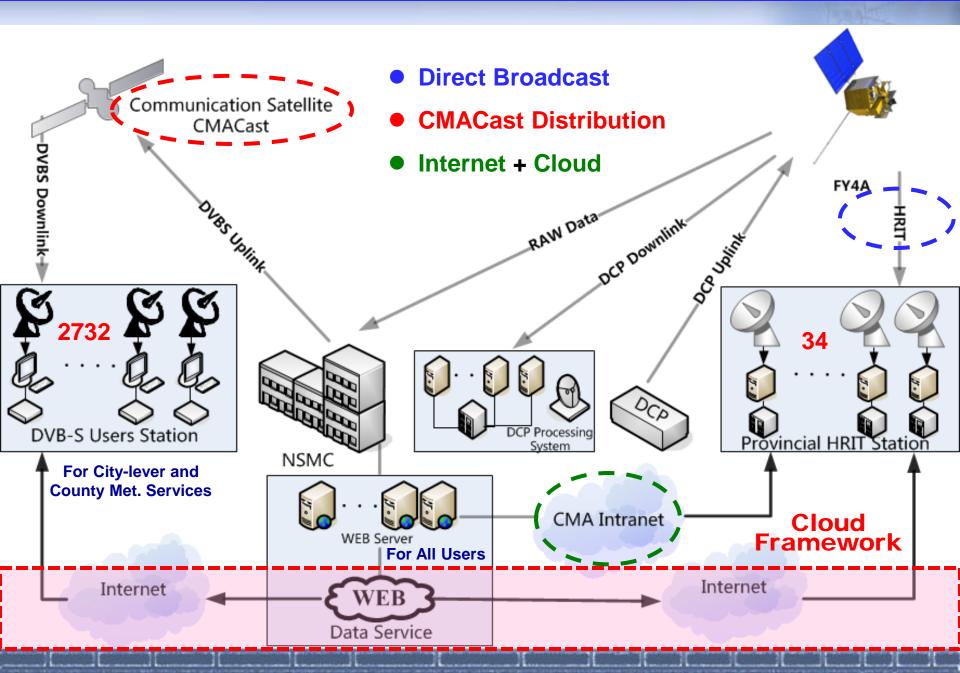


## **Application Demonstration**

#### More than 30 FY-4 demonstration projects were open to encourage user community involvement.



## **Data Accessibility (Distribution & Service)**



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- FY-4A is scheduled to be launched at the end of 2016.
- 3D observations with high temporal (1 minute for region with its size at the 10<sup>3</sup> Km<sup>2</sup> order), spatial (500m for visible band at nadir) and spectral (0.8cm<sup>-1</sup> for long-wave infrared band) resolutions are coming into reality next year.
- The ground-segment of FY-4A has made great progress to be readiness for users.
- New measurement results from lightning imager (LMI), interfering sounding (GIIRS), are shown and discussed to provide some new application fields.
- The latest data and product service plans, for example data broadcasting and sharing, product distributing and emergency observation support, are presented to benefit the user community.

• .....



## Thank you for your attention!



