

6th Asia/Oceania Meteorological Satellite Users' Conference

Updates on Chinese Meteorological Satellite Programs

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CMA satellite programs by 2025

Current Satellite Programs

- FY-2E/F/G(operational, geo.)
- FY-3A/B(R&D, polar)
- FY-3C(operational, polar)

Future Satellite Programs

- FY-2H(operational, geo.)
- FY-3D/E/F/G/H (operational, polar)
- FY-3 Rainfall 1&2
- FY-4A(R&D, geo)
- FY-4B/C/D (operational, geo.)
- FY-4 Mircowave

Others

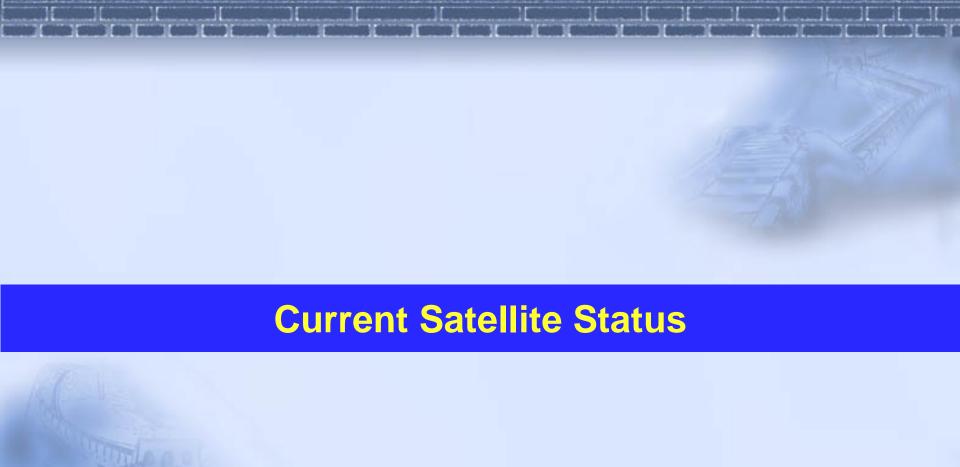
- TANSAT(R&D, Atmosphere Composition)
- GF-4 (R&D, High Spatial Res. Imaging In GEO)

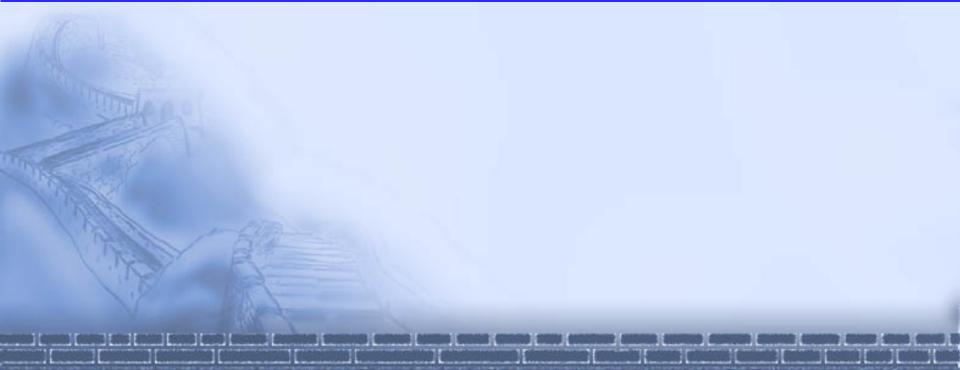




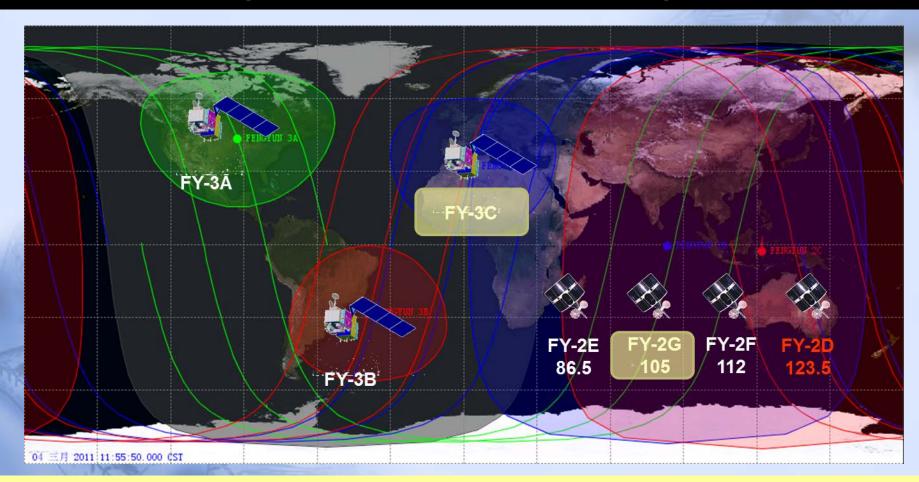
Outline

- Current Satellite Status
- Latest Progress of Fengyun Satellite Series
- Future Satellite Program
- Summary





1. Currently In-orbit FengYun Satellites(6/7) (6 operational, 1 retired)



- The first operational satellite FY-3C began to provide service since the end of 2014.
- FY-2G has been in operation at 105E, FY-2E at 86.5E since June, 2015.

FY-2: Current GEO. Constellation

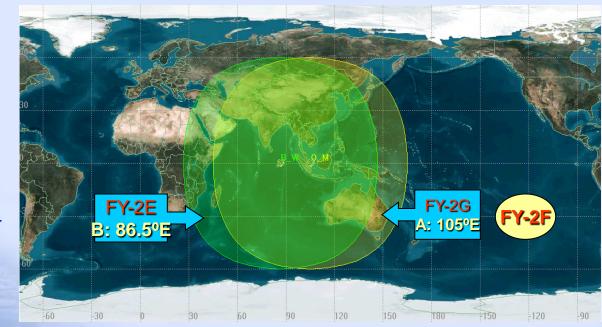
No.	Position	Status	Launch
FY-2E	86.5E	Operational	Dec.23, 2008
FY-2F	112E	Operational	Jan. 14, 2012
FY-2G	105E	Operational	Dec.31, 2014

Platform: Spin stabilization

Payload: 5 chl. VISSR

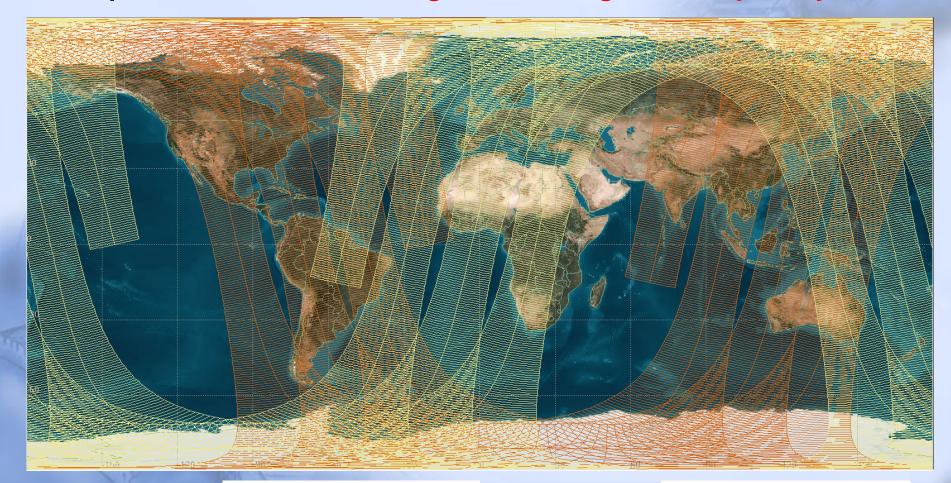
Disc Obs: Every 30/60 min.

- FY-2G was positioned in primary position 105E Since June 1st, 2015, while FY-2E was moved to 86.5E to support IOC cooperated with EUMETSAT in July this year.
- FY-2E & FY-2G are working together to implement 15 min. interval obs., and backup each other
- FY-2F stands specially for 6 min. flexible rapid scan in case of needs



FY-3: Current LEO Constellation

- **■** To be decommission: FY-3A
- In operation: FY-3B + FY-3C global coverage 4 times per day

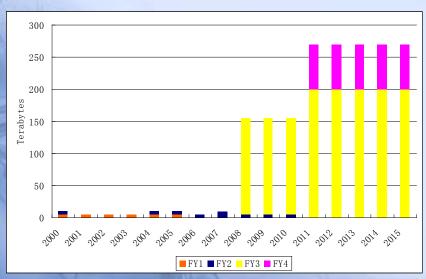


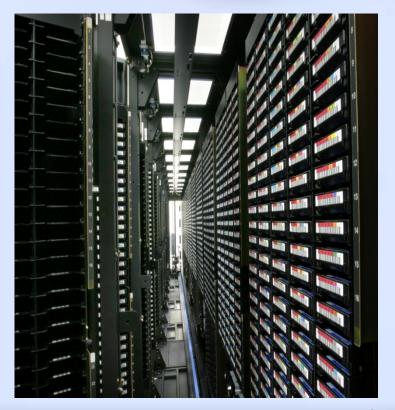
FY-3C LTC 10:30 AM

FY-3B LTC 13:40 PM

Data Delivery Services

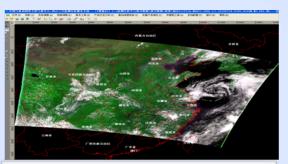
- 1) Web-based Service (register user)
- 2) FTP Push (important user)
- 3) FTP Pull (register user)
- 4) Manual Service (emergency)
- 5) FengyunCAST (register user)
- 6) DB Users (register user)





2015/11/17

SMART: Satellite Monitoring Analysis Remote-sensing Toolkit



- Reading and displaying Satellite data
- Reading and displaying GIS data
- Customizable color palette for data displaying



Source image

Objective image

Matched image

- Multiple functions of color adjustment
- Multiple image adjustment functions
- Multiple auxiliary tools including magnetic lasso etc.



- Customization of thematic map templates
- · Label for thematic map



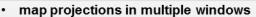
Multi-source data reading and displaying Specialized toolkit in remote sensing

Common toolkit in image processing

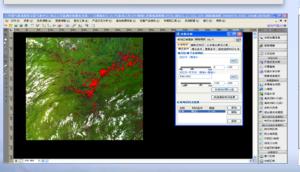
Thematic products analyzing

Thematic products generation

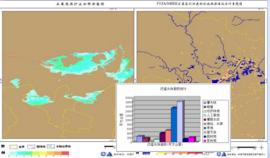
Public service



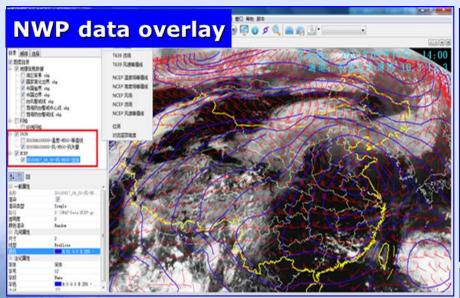
- Image geometrical correction
- · Image split or and mosaic
- Analyzing and processing of environmental change monitoring
- Temporal analysis function of monitoring products



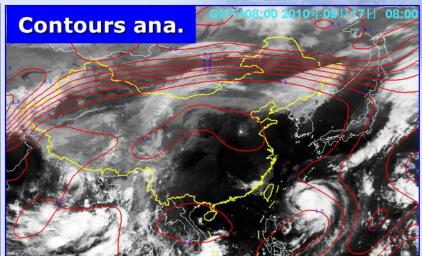
- Thematic products
- Statistic table
- Operational reports, etc.

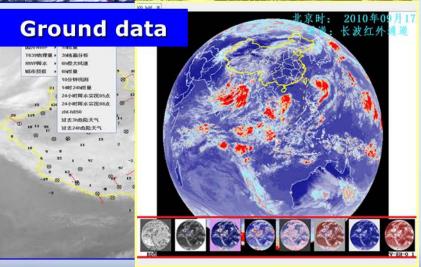


SWAP: Satellite Weather App. Platform



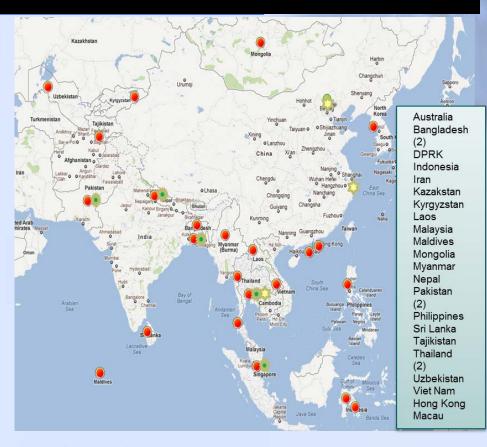
- Efficient and professional analysis tools for forecasters
- supporting multiple data, including polar satellite data, conventional data and NWP products etc.





China and Oversea User Utilizations

- 25 CMACast data receivers in Asia and Oceania Region;
- More than 100 users attended SWAP international training;
- SWAP & SMART have been installed for application in more than 30 provincial weather services in China;
- 5 countries has successfully installed SWAP for trial using in operation: Nepal,
 Malaysia, Thailand, Bengal,
 Pakistan.



data receivers * SWAP users * Training courses







2 FY-2G: Significant Improvements

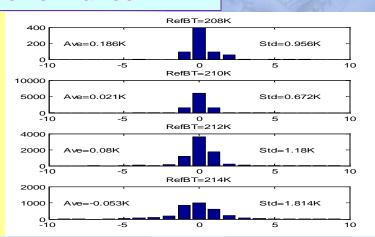
On-orbit IR CAL Performance

CAL Assessment: develop 3 ways, e.g. radiation, product & application

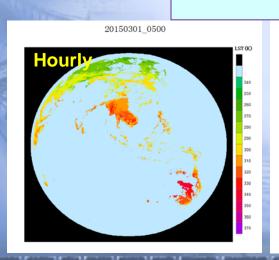
CAL Accuracy: < 0.7K@300K for main IR bands

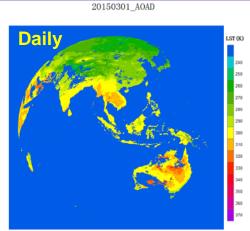
CAL Performance: comparable with GOES-N

required specification (≤1K)



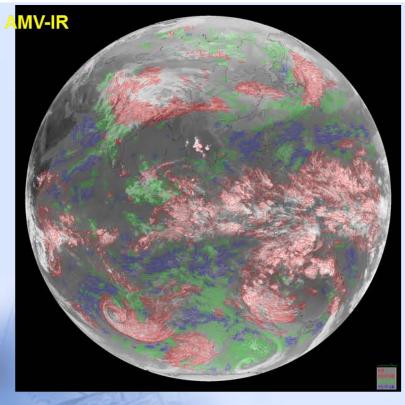
Product Validation: LST

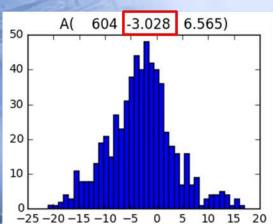


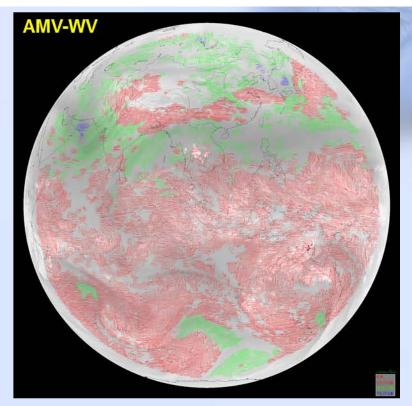


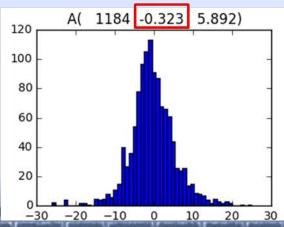
	MODIS LST			
	Ave. Bias(K)	RMSE(Correlati	
	Ave. blas(K)	K)	on	
FY2G	1.4319	3.1754	0.9809	
LST	11.4010	0.1704	0.0003	

Main Product Validation: AMV

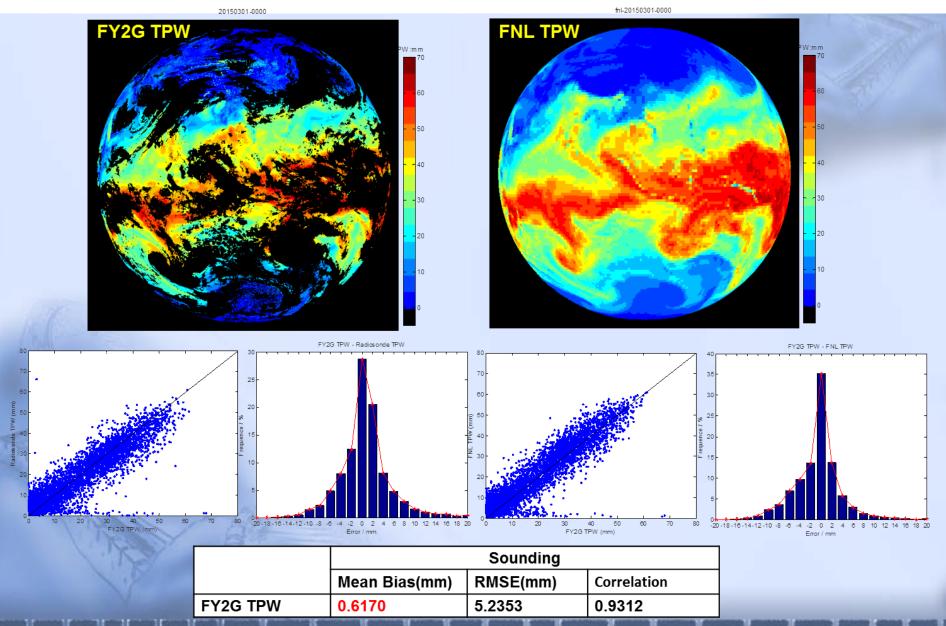




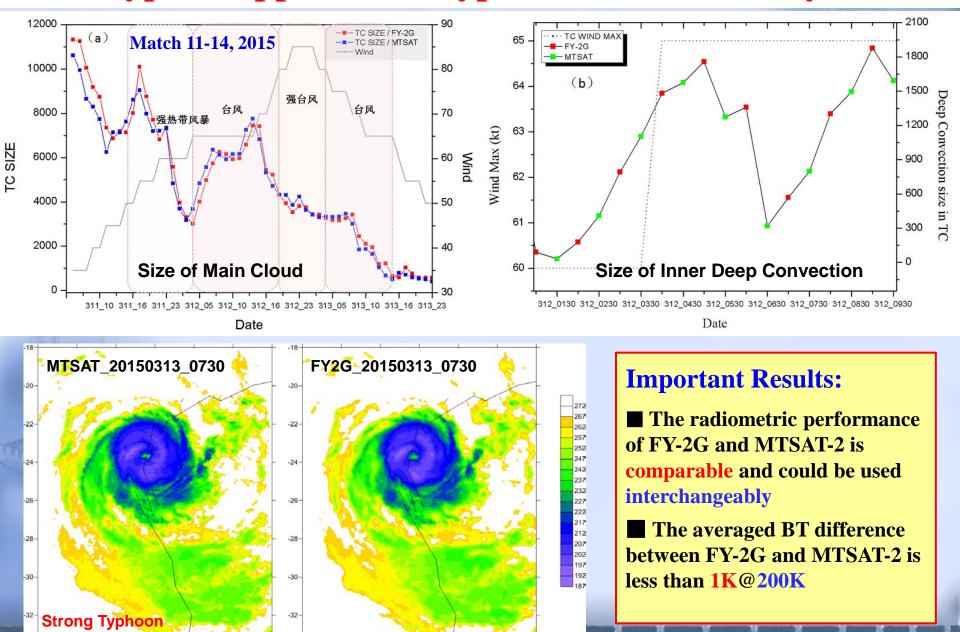




Main Product Validation: TPW



Typical Application: Typhoon Monitor (Olwyn)

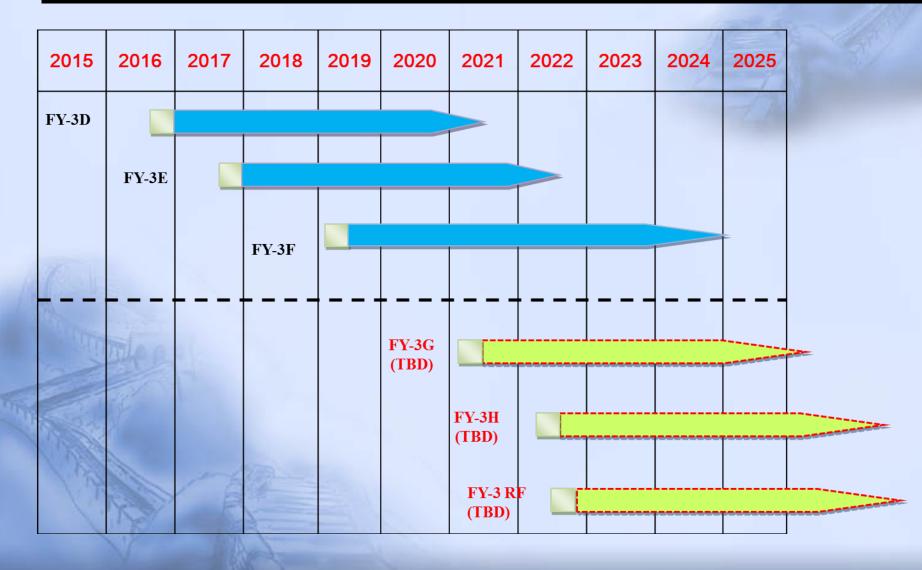


Temporal Resolution: FY-2F->2G RRS, 6->3 minutes FY-2G Dust Storm (April 27 16:00-18:00) 北京时: 2015年04月27日 16:00 通道: 可见光1.25公里 0.55-0.9





3 FengYun LEO Satellites Launch Plan by 2025



FY-3: New Generation of CMA LEO. Constellation



No.	Orbit	Status	Launch	
FY-3A	AM	R&D, working	May 27, 2008	
FY-3B	PM	R&D, working	Nov.5, 2010	
FY-3C	AM	Op., working	Sep. 23, 2013	
FY-3D	PM	Op. planed	2016	
FY-3E	EM	Op, planed	2017	
FY-3F	PM	op., planed	2019	
FY-3 RF1/2	Inclined	R&D, Planed	2019-2025,TBD	
FY-3G	TBD	Op., planed	2021-2025,TBD	
FY-3H	EM	Op., planed	2021-2025,TBD	

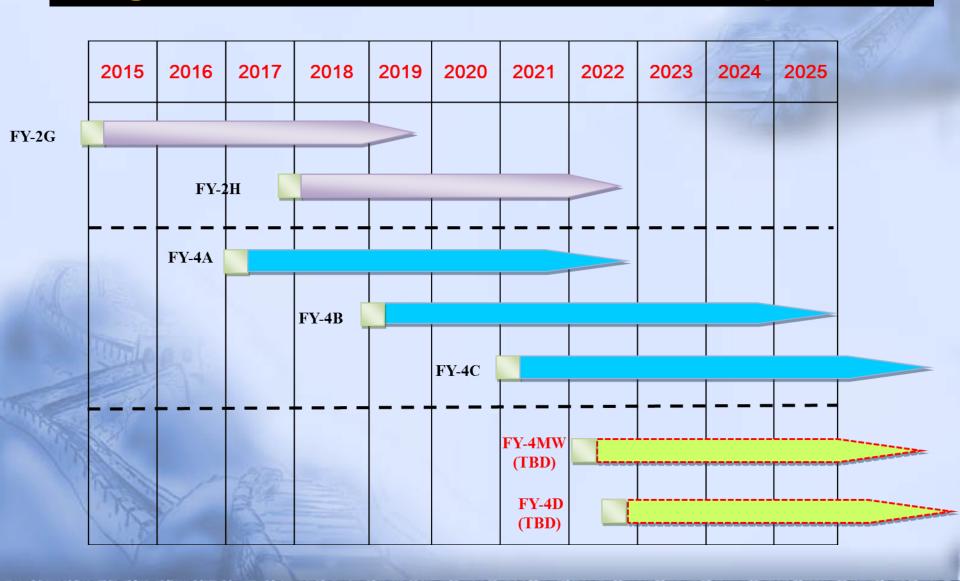
Significant Change: To support global NWP, within the coordination framework of CGMS, CMA made a commitment to develop an early morning orbit mission, FY-3E is now changed as a early morning orbit satellite rather than previous morning orbit one. It will be possible to constitute a three orbital fleet including Metop (Mid. Morning) + NPP (Afternoon) + FY-3 (Early Morning) to get even distribution of sounding data.

New capabilities in FY-3C follow-ons

FY-3 OPERATIONAL SATELLITE INSTRUMENTS	FY-3C	FY-3D	FY-3E	FY-3F
MERSI – Medium Resolution Spectral Imager (I, II)	√(I)	√(II)	√(II)	√(II)
MWTS - Microwave Temperature Sounder (II)	\checkmark	~	√	\checkmark
MWHS – Microwave Humidity Sounder (II)	\checkmark	~	√	~
MWRI – Microwave Radiation Imager	√	~		\checkmark
WindRAD - Wind Radar			√	
GAS - Greenhouse Gases Absorption Spectrometer		~		√
HIRAS – Hyper spectral Infrared Atmospheric Sounder		√	~	~
OMS - Ozone Mapping Spectrometer			√	
GNOS - GNSS Occultation Sounder	√	√	√	√
ERM — Earth Radiation Measurement (I, II)	√(I)		√(II)	
SIM — Solar irritation Monitor (I, II)	√(I)		√(II)	
SES – Space Environment Suite	√	√	√	√
IRAS – Infrared Atmospheric Sounder	√			
VIRR – visible and Infrared Radiometer	√			
SBUS – Solar Backscattered Ultraviolet Sounder	√			
TOU – Total Ozone Unit	√			

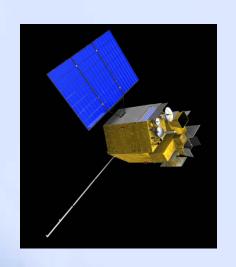
- Improved Medium Resolution Spectrum Imager in FY-3D, E, F
- Greenhouse Gases Absorption Spectrometer, and Hyper-Spectral Infrared Sounder in FY-3D,F
- Sea Surface Wind Radar in FY-3E

FengYun GEO Satellites Launch Plan by 2025



FY-4: New generation of FengYun GEO.

together with GOES-R, MTG, Himawari-8. Launch is scheduled in the end of 2016





AGRI	GIIRS	LMI
Advanced Geo. Radiation Imager	Geo. Interferometric Infrared Sounder	Lighting Mapping Imager
14 Channels within 0.55~13.8μm	538 LWIR Channels 375 S/MIR Channels	Central Frequency: 777.4nm
500mx1;1Kmx2 2Kmx4; 4Kmx7	16Km	7.8Km
Full Disk < =15min	Meso-scale: 35min(1000x1000km) China area: 67min(5000x5000km)	2ms



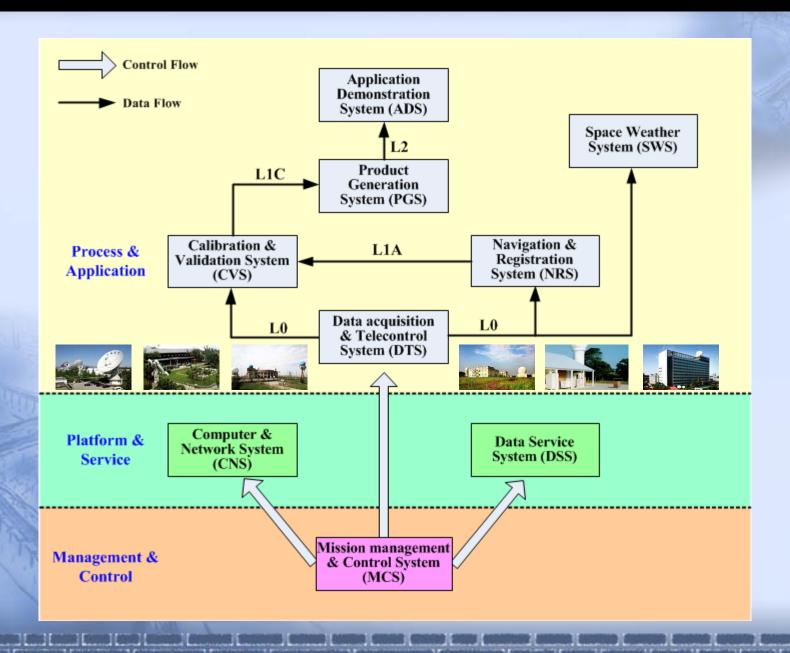
2nd ISCC Meeting was held during Oct. 14-17, 2015 in Beijing, China; to optimize the constellation of FY-4 series satellites and payloads.

Preliminary proposal of configuration about follow-up satellites

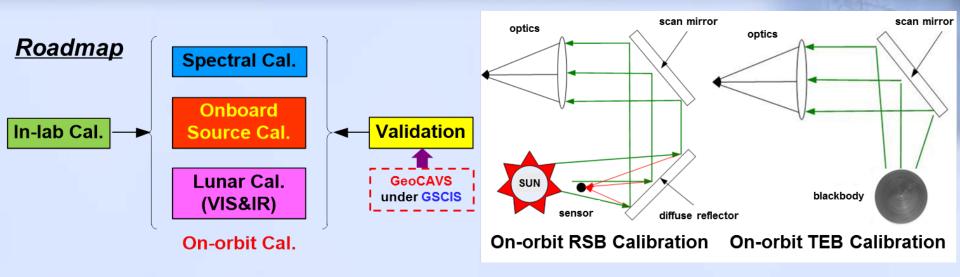
Instruments	FY-4B	FY-4C	FY-4D	FY-4MW
Imager	AGRI+√	AGRI++√	AGRI++√	
Sounder	GIIRS+√	GIIRS++√	GIIRS++√	
Lightning Imager		LMI+√	LMI+√	
UVN (Geostationay UV-VIS Air Quality Monitor)				V
Geo.High-speed Imager (GHI)	V			
Microwave Sounder				V

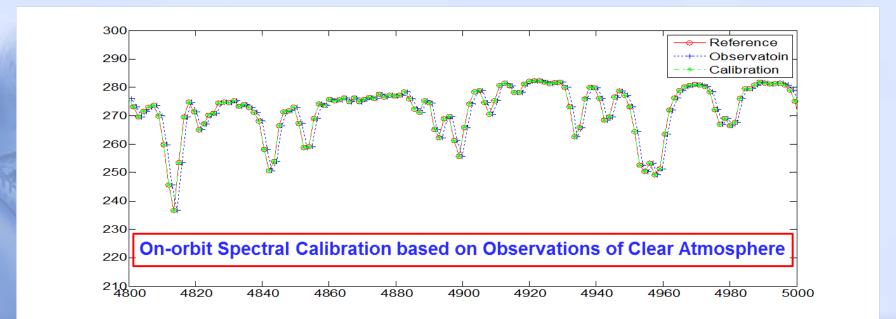
Geo.High-speed Imager (GHI): 2000×2000km per min.

New FY-4A Ground Segment: Elements & Layout



Radiometric & Spectral Calibration





Lightning observation with LMI on the ground



- >The field of view of LMI was expanded before observation experiment
- >The natural Lightning was "captured" during the day and light
- > Validation:
 - Processing algorithm on board
 - Algorithm of Lightning products by the ground segment

Products Development

Baseline Products of imager(AGRI) & LMI

No.	Products	No.	Products
1	Cloud Mask	13	Downward Shortwave Radiation: Surface
2	Cloud Type	14	Derived Motion Winds
3	Cloud Top Temperature	15	Lightning Detection
4	Cloud Top Pressure	16	Rainfall Rate/QPE
5	Cloud Optical Depth	17	Convective Initiation
6	Cloud Liquid Water	18	Tropopause Folding Turbulence Prediction
7	Cloud Particle Size Distribution	19	Sea Surface Temperature (skin)
8	Aerocel Detection	20	Fire/Hot Spot Characterization
9	Aerosol Optical Depth	21	Land Surface (Skin) Temperature
10	Downward Longwave Radiation: Surface	22	Land Surface Emissivity
11	Upward Longwave Radiation: TOA	23	Snow Cover
12	Upward Longwave Radiation: Surface		

Baseline Products of sounder(GIIRS)

No.	Products
24	Atmospheric Temperature, Humidity and Ozone Profiles (Clear)
25	Atmospheric Temperature and Humidity Profiles (Cloudy)

Baseline Products of SEP

ı	No.	Products
2	26	Distribution of High Energy Particle
2	27	Intensity of Magnetic Field
2	28	Effects of Spatial Environment

Data access supports for end users

- HRPT: 34 stations at provincial level receiving FY-3 HRPT data in real time
- 2. HRIT: 34 stations at provincial level receiving FY-4 DB data in real time
- 3. CMACast: 2600 user terminals at prefectural level receiving FY-3&FY-4 data and products
- 4. **EWAIB**: 2400 user terminals at county-level receiving emergency weather information from FY-4
- 5. Web-based & Cloud-based Services

Satellite application facilities in China

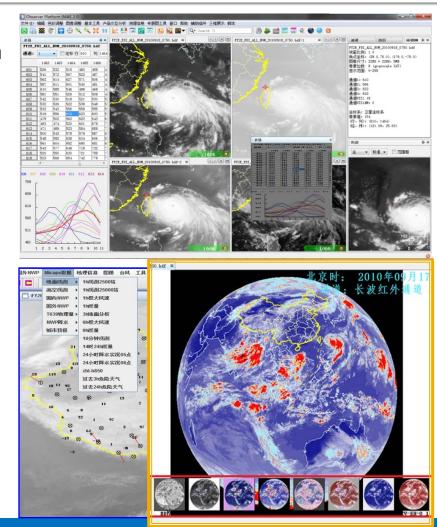


User readiness for new generation satellites

- ADS: More than 50 FY-3&FY-4 application projects were open to encourage user community involvement
- SWAP & SMART: user platforms developed as analysis tools for use of FY-3&FY-4 data and products
- The two systems have been promoted to nation-wide local weather services.
- A number of training activities were organized by CMA









4. Summary

FY-2G has been in operation at 105E since June, 2015 with significant improvement in both calibration and application.
 The first operational satellite of FY-3 series (FY-3C) began to provide service since the end of 2014.
 The future plans of FY-3 & FY-4 series have been officially established to be of benefit to the community in the near 10 years.
 The first experimental satellite of FY-4 series (FY-4A) has made great progress in both space and ground segments and will be readiness at the end of 2016 for launch.

